FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS EUROPE

Development tools for 16LX Family

CPU Board User Guide

DEVELOPMENT TOOLS FOR 16LX FAMILY

CPU Board User Guide

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What is in This Guide

What you'll find inside this guide and few words about its organization

PU Board in its interface to the Devkit16 Mainboard is designed in such a way that it is possible to use different CPU boards (with various members of the 16LX family) with the same Mainboard. This guide describes how to use the CPU board as a standalone board.

- CPU board features and technical specification chapter provides necessary technical and operational information
- **FLASH It! chapter** explains how to store final application in DevKit16 CPU or external FLASH.
- CPU Board Description chapter provides explanation how to control the CPU board configuration and detailed description of CPU board including all DIP switches, jumpers and connectors.
- Power supply requirements chapter
- Revisions and errors list
- Appendix includes schematics of the CPU board and other technical references

WHAT IS NOT INCLUDED IN THIS GUIDE

This guide is not detailed manual for the CPU, parts and software tools. Please find more in the following resources:

- MCU, Softune Workbench and tools –
 FUJITSU Micros CD ROM (Ver 3.0 or higher)
- Processor Expert^(TM) and tools DEVKIT16 Software CD ROM
- Parts and other HW components datasheets of their producers

WHERE TO FIND NEWS, OPTIONS, OTHER BEANS, OTHER CPU BOARDS, LATEST FAQ AND SUPPORT

Please visit DevKit16 WEB site www.processorexpert.com/devkit16 for news and giveaways. You can also register in order to obtain news by mail.

For MCUs and Fujitsu technologies please visit FUJITSU WEB site http://ww.fujitsu-fme.com.

When you need additional CPU personality board please call your nearest FUJITSU subsidiary or authorised FUJITSU distributor. You should specify:

- version of CPU you need
- CPU soldered or in socket. Socket version is provided for users who want to use the FUJITSU emulator

CPU Board Features and Technical Specification

This chapter introduces features of CPU board and provides necessary technical and operational information for DevKit16.

he CPU board was designed as a replaceable part of the Devkit16. So, it contains only few features and the rest is provided by the Devkit16 Mainboard.

FEATURES

- Position for a PQFP 100 processor or NQPACK socket
- connectors for all CPU pins
- a Bus Interface connector for main board connection
- a Device Bus connector
- a power supply supervisor IC with reset generation
- RST, HST buttons
- DIP switch for setting the CPU mode
- High speed (in socket) and low speed quartzes
- Serial port connector
- power supply regulators 5V or 3.3V, depending on CPU used
- power supply connector for external power source and DC power supply circuitry

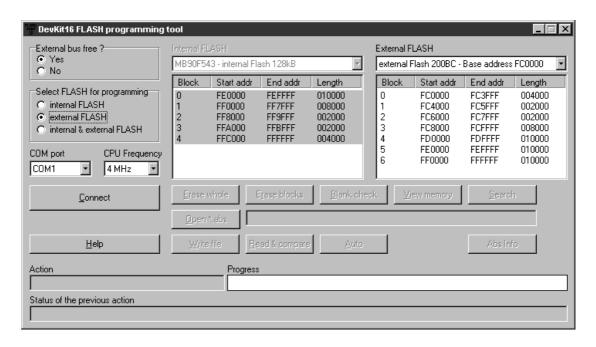


Flash It!

If the CPU mounted on the CPU board has a FLASH memory, the DevKit16 FLASH Programming Tool can be used to program it.

OVERVIEW OF THE DEVKIT16
FLASH PROGRAMMING TOOL

DevKit16 FLASH Programming Tool provides standard operations (check/program/verify) for CPU Internal FLASH memory, Mainboard FLASH or both.



With the standalone CPU board, it is possible to program only the internal FLASH. The check-box "External bus free?" should be set to "no" (this tells the SW not to use the FPGA UART). The Flashtool will guide you to set the proper mode on the CPU board DIP switches. The communication will run on 9600Bd only, and only CPU FLASH can be programmed.

For further information, please see the DevKit16 FLASH Programming Tool online Help.



CPU Board Description

This chapter provides detailed description of CPU board including all DIP switches, jumpers and connectors.

CPU board can work standalone or in connection with the Mainboard. If the Mainboard is in use, please switch all switches on CPU board configuration DIP to OFF.

CPU BOARD OVERVIEW

CPU board is designed as low cost board, which provides compatibility on Interface Bus and the Device Bus level for different CPUs. Additionally, headers pin compatible to CPU pins are provided.

This part contains description of CPU board for MB90F543CPU.

- Connectors
- Jumpers, buttons and switches
- Board layout

CONNECTORS

K1: Bus Interface connector

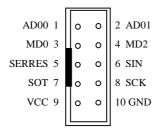
This connector serves for connecting the CPU board to the Mainboard.

K2: Device Bus connector

This connector provides connection to CPU peripherals.

Note: For the pinout of these connectors, please see the attachments section of this manual.

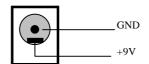
K7: CPU Serial interface connector



The serial interface connector should be used only when the CPU board is not connected to the mainboard, because mainboard connects its own serial (RS232) interface to the UART0 and UART1 CPU signals. To be able to use the K7 connector, please refer to the description of J7, J8, J9 jumpers later in this section.

Warning: if you want to use the K7 connector when Mainboard is connected to the CPU board, you have to disconnect the serial interface selected by J7-J9 from the RS232 drivers on the Mainboard. To achieve this, remove jumpers on positions 3-4, 5-6 from both the J21 and J22 headers on the Mainboard. Also, when the Async. Serial programming mode is set on the Mainboard *System control DIP switches*, the FPGA UART RS232 driver is connected to UART0 or UART1 (depending on the setting of the UART0/1 switch) after reset. If you want to use K7 also in that case, remove the 3-4, 5-6 jumpers on the J23 as well.

K9: power supply connector



Before applying the power to the Devkit16, check the polarity of your power chord plug – the GND must be in the center, while the +9V on the shell of the connector. Even thought the DevKit16 power lines are protected by a diode on the power input, do not ever apply power with the opposite polarity. Also, make sure that the power supply complies to the specifications in chapter *CPU board Power Supply Requirements*.

K3, K4, K5, K6: CPU pins connectors

K3				K4		_		
A16 1	0	0	2 A17	INT6 31	0	0	32 INT7	
A18 3	0	0	4 A19	ADTG 33	0	0	34 AVCC	
A20 5	0	0	6 A21	AVR+ 35	0	0	36 AVR-	
A22 7	0	0	8 A23	AVss 37	0	0	38 AN0	
ALE 9	0	0	10 #RD	AN1 39	0	0	40 AN2	
GND 11	0	0	12 #WRL	AN3 41	0	0	42 Vss	
#WRH 13	0	0	14 HRQ	AN4 43	0	0	44 AN5	
#HAK 15	0	0	16 RDY	AN6 45	0	0	46 AN7	
CLK 17	0	0	18 SOT0	TIN0 47	0	0	48 TOT0	
SCK0 19	0	0	20 SIN0	MD0 49	0	0	50 MD1	
SIN1 21	0	0	22 SCK1					
FVCC 23	0	0	24 SOT1	K	K6			
SOT2 25	0	0	26 SCK2	MD2 51			52 #HST	
SOT2 25	0	0	26 SIN2	INO 53	0	0	54 IN1	
INT4 25	0	0	26 INT5	IN2 54	0	0	56 IN3	
			I	IN4 57	0	0	58 IN5	
K.5		5	1	OUT2/IN6 59	0	0	60 OUT3/IN7	
VSS 81	0	0	82 X0	PPG0 61	0	0	62 PPG1	
X1 83	0	0	84 VCC	PPG2 63	0	0	64 PPG3	
AD00 85	0	0	86 AD01	OUT0 65	0	0	66 OUT1	
AD02 87	0	0	88 AD03	TIN1 67	0	0	68 TOT1	
AD04 89	0	0	90 AD05	INT0 69	0	0	70 INT1	
AD06 91	0	0	92 AD07	INT2 71	0	0	72 INT3	
AD08 93	0	0	94 AD09	TX0 73	0	0	74 RX0	
AD10 95	0	0	96 AD11	TX1 75	0	0	76 RX1	
AD12 97	0	0	98 AD13	RST 77	0	0	78 PA0	
AD14 99	0	0	100 AD15	X1A 79	0	0	80 X0A	

J10: VCC connector

- 1: VCC 2: VCC 3: VCC 4: VCC

- 4: VCC

J11: GND connector

- 1: GND 2: GND 3: GND 4: GND 5: GND 6: GND

J13: Supply for the whole board

When SHORT, the +5V from the voltage regulator is connected to board VCC. This jumper must be removed when using an external +5V power supply to avoid current flowing back to the regulator.

J2: Supply for CPU

When SHORT, the VCC is connected to CPU's VCC pins. Before removing this jumper, remove the J3 (AVCC to CPU) jumper as well to completely disconnect the power from the CPU.

J3: Analog Supply for CPU

When SHORT, board's VCC is connected to CPU's AVcc pin.

J4: Analog Ground for CPU

When SHORT, board's GND is connected to CPU's AGND pin.

J5: Analog Reference Voltage (+) for CPU

When SHORT, board's VCC is connected to CPU's AVR+ pin. When removed, the voltage at the AVR+ pin is set to 4V

J6: Analog Reference Voltage (-) for CPU

When SHORT, board's GND is connected to CPU's AVR- pin. When removed, the voltage at the AVR- pin is set to 0.9V.

J7, J8, J9: UARTO/1 selection for the K7 connector

These jumpers select, which of the two UART0, UART1 interfaces signals will be connected to the pins of the K7 connector. If all of these jumpers are in

- **1-2 position** the UART1 interface signals will be connected to the K7
- **2-3 position** the UARTO interface signals will be connected to the K7 connector.

Default setting: the UART1 signals are connected to the K7.

Note: The J7 jumper selects between SCK1 and SCK0, J8 between SIN1 and SIN0 and J9 between SOT1 and SOT0

Warning: if you want to use the K7 connector when Mainboard is connected to the CPU board, you have to disconnect the selected serial interface (UART0 or UART1) from the RS232 drivers on the Mainboard. To achieve this, remove jumpers on positions 3-4, 5-6 from both the J21 and J22 headers on the Mainboard. Also, when the Mainboard is connected to the CPU board and the Async. Serial programming mode is set on the Mainboard *System control DIP switches*, the FPGA UART is connected to UART0 or UART1 (depending on the setting of the UART0/1 switch) after reset. If you want to use K7 also in that case, remove the 3-4, 5-6 jumpers on the J23.

J19, J20: I2C software emulation jumpers

These jumpers allow to use Mainboard's I²C connector/EEPROM memory even in the case, when CPU itself doesn't provide the I²C interface. When both of these jumpers are SHORT, the CPU's HRQ signal is connected to the Mainboard's SDA signal (via J19) and #HAK signal is connected to SCL signal. An user can then program the #HAK, HRQ signals to behave as I²C interface.

J15, J16: Low speed XTAL jumpers

When short, these jumpers connect the 32.768 kHz crystal to the Bus Interface connector X1A, X0A pins.

J17, J18: High speed XTAL jumpers

When short, these jumpers connect the 4MHz crystal to the Bus Interface connector X0, X1 pins.

SW1 - Reset button

This button can be used for reseting the CPU.

SW2 - Hardware standby button

While this button is pressed, the CPU stays in the standby mode (all oscillators are stopped, all I/O pins are set to high impedance state, special purpose registers such as the accumulator are reset to their default values, but content of internal RAM is preserved)

SW3 - CPU DIP switches

1: MD0

2: MD1

3: MD2

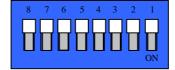
4: S-R

5: S-H

6: H-R

7: AD00 (P00)

8: AD01 (P01)



These switches should be used only when using the CPU board without Mainboard, or with the FPGA disabled (see the description of J29 in the Mainboard section).

1:MD0, 2:MD1, 3:MD2 – these switches are connected to CPU pins MD0, MD1, MD2. In the ON position, a switch pulls the signal connected to it to log '0'. The setting of these switches affects the mode of the processor. The description of all the modes is in the following table:

MD2	MD1	MD0	AD00/	AD01	Mode name Reset vector area		External data
			P00	/P01			bus witdth
ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	External vector mode 0	External vector mode 0 External	
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	External vector mode 1	External	16
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	External vector mode 2	de 2 External	
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Internal vector mode	Internal	(Mode data)
OFF	ON	ON	X	X	Reserved		
OFF	ON	OFF	X	X	Reserved		
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	Async serial programming		
OFF	OFF	OFF	X	X	Reserved		

- **4: S-R** if ON, this switch connects the RES pin of the K7 connector to the CPU's #RST signal.
- **5: S-H** if ON, this switch connects the RES pin of the K7 connector to the CPU's #HST signal.
- **6. H-R** if ON, the #RST and #HST signals are connected together.
- **7: AD00, 8:AD01** if ON, the AD00/P00 and AD01/P01 signals are pulled to log. '0' level. This setting must be done for bringing processor to the Serial programming mode.

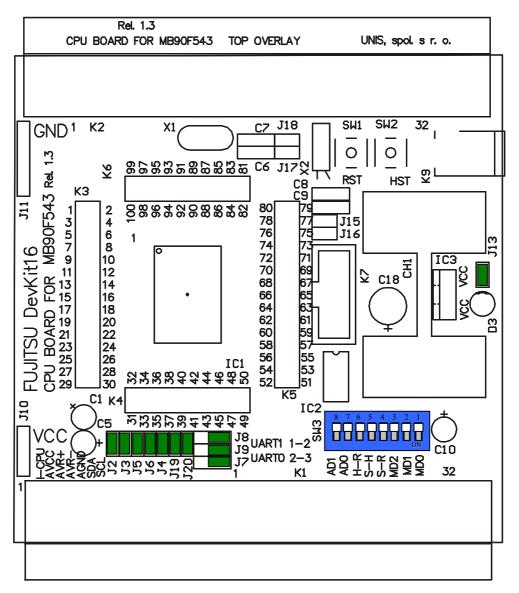


Figure 1: CPU board layout and default jumper settings

DEFAULT HW SETTINGS

These jumpers come in the SHORT position as a default factory setting:

- **J2**: The CPU is connected to the +5V power supply through this jumper
- **J3**: The CPU AVCC supply pin is connected +5V power supply through this jumper
- **J4**: The CPU AGND supply pin is connected to the GND through this jumper
- **J5**: The CPU AVR+ pin is connected to the +5V voltage through this jumper
- **J6**: The CPU AVR- pin is connected to the 0V voltage through this jumper
- J7-9: The CPU UART1 signals are connected to the K7 connector
- **J13**: The board is powered from the +5V from the power supply voltage regulator
- **J19**: The CPU HRQ pin is connected to the SDA Mainboard signal
- J20: The CPU #HAK pin is connected to the SCL Mainboard signal

CPU Board Power Supply Requirements

CPU board does not come with power supply, please check, if your power supply match the requirements before you plug it to the CPU board!

Power supply voltage: **9V**

Power supply current (CPU board MB90F543 with Main board connected):

- Single chip CPU mode, no external peripheral connected: 290mA max.
- External bus mode, no peripheral connected: 350mA
- External bus with:
 - keyboard connected: 450mA typical, but can vary with the keyboard used (most of modern AT keyboard uses max. 100mA. User should check his keyboard current requirements before connecting the keyboard to the DevKit16 Mainboard).
 - keyboard and VGA interface connected: 650mA

WE RECOMMEND USING 9V STABILIZED POWER SUPPLY WITH 1.5A (MIN.) OUTPUT CURRENT. IF THE POWER SUPPLY CAN NOT DELIVER CURRENTS AS SPECIFIED IN THE SPECIFICATION ABOVE, THE DEVKIT16 WILL NOT WORK PROPERLY - THE BOARD WILL BE PERIODICALLY RESET BY THE MB3771 POWER SUPPLY SUPERVISOR.

Warning: If the DevKit16 is powered using the on-board stabilizer, the supply current must not exceed the 1A limit of the stabilizer. Before connecting any peripheral to the DevKit16, please check that its power supply current requirements doesn't does not cause this limit to be exceeded.

Warranty and Disclaimer

To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Fujitsu Microelectronics Europe GmbH restricts its warranties and its liability for the **DEVKIT16** and all its deliverables (eg. software, application examples, target boards, evaluation boards, etc.), its performance and any consequential damages, on the use of the Product in accordance with (i) the terms of the License Agreement and the Sale and Purchase Agreement under which agreements the Product has been delivered, (ii) the technical descriptions and (iii) all accompanying written materials. In addition, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Fujitsu Microelectronics Europe GmbH disclaims all warranties and liabilities for the performance of the Product and any consequential damages in cases of unauthorised decompiling and/or reverse engineering and/or disassembling. **Note, the DEVKIT16 and all its deliverables are intended and must only be used in an evaluation laboratory environment**.

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Should one of the above stipulations be or become invalid and/or unenforceable, the remaining stipulations shall stay in full effect.

Revision and Error List

The following bugs have been found with the board and need to be observed when working with this tool:

Date	Revisions - Errors	Revised
		Version
05.11.1999	Version 1.2 is valid for CPU Board ver. 1.3	V1.2
13.02.2000	The table "Device Bus (K2) and Interface Bus (K1) connectors pins" (pages 16, 17, 18) was not consistent with the schematics.	V1.21

Table1: List of found errors and revisions for version V1.2



Appendix

Here you will find Interface bus and Device Bus description and $\ensuremath{\text{CPU}}$ board schematics.

Device Bus (K2) and Interface Bus (K1) connectors pins:

DIN Conn. PIN	Device	e Bus	Interface Bus			
PIN NO.	CPU Pin Nr.	Function	CPU PIN Nr.	SIGNAL	2nd Function	
A1	18	SOT0	85	AD00	P00	
B1	19	SCK0	86	AD01	P01	
C1	20	SIN0	87	AD02	P02	
A2	24	SOT1	88	AD03	P03	
B2	22	SCK1	89	AD04	P04	
C2	21	SIN1	90	AD05	P05	
A3			91	AD06	P06	
В3			92	AD07	P07	
C3			93	AD08	P10	
A4	69	INT0	94	AD09	P11	
B4	70	INT1	95	AD10	P12	
C4	71	INT2	96	AD11	P13	
A5	72	INT3	97	AD12	P14	
B5	29	INT4	98	AD13	P15	
C5	30	INT5	99	AD14	P16	
A6	31	INT6	100	AD15	P17	
B6	32	INT7	1	A16	P20	
C6	25	SOT2	2	A17	P21	
A7	26	SCK2	3	A18	P22	
В7	28	SIN2	4	A19	P23	
C7			5	A20	P24	
A8			6	A21	P25	
B8			7	A22	P26	
C8			8	A23	P27	
A9			9	ALE	P30	
B9			10	\RD	P31	
C9			12	WRL	P32	
A10			13	\WRH	P33	
B10			14	HRQ	P34	

DIN Conn. PIN	Devic	Device Bus		Interface Bus		
PIN NO.	CPU Pin Nr.	Function	CPU PIN Nr.	SIGNAL	2nd Function	
C10			15	\HAK	P35	
A11	47	TIN0	16	RDY	P36	
B11	48	TOT0	17	CLK	P37	
C11		GND		GND	GND	
A12	67	TIN1	18	SOT0	P40	
B12	68	TOT1	19	SCK0	P41	
C12			20	SIN0	P42	
A13			24	SOT1	P45	
B13	53	IN0	22	SCK1	P44	
C13	54	IN1	21	SIN1	P43	
A14	55	IN2	25	SOT2	P46	
B14	56	IN3	26	SCK2	P47	
C14	57	IN4	28	SIN2	P50	
A15	58	IN5		SDA		
B15	59	OUT2/IN6		SCL		
C15	60	OUT3/IN7	61	PPG0	P80	
A16	65	OUT0	62	PPG1	P81	
B16	66	OUT1	67	TIN1	P86	
C16		VCC		VCC		
A17	59	OUT3/IN7	33	ADTG	P55	
C17	60	OUT2/IN6	68	TOT1	P87	
C17		AVCC	34	AVCC	. 0.	
A18		71100	35	AVR+		
B18			36	AVR-		
C18		AGND	37	AGND		
A19		710112	38	AN0	P60	
B19			39	AN1	P61	
C19		GND	00	GND	GND	
C20		0.12	40	AN2	P62	
A21			41	AN3	P63	
C20			43	AN4	P64	
A21			44	AN5	P65	
B21			45	AN6	P66	
C21			46	AN7	P67	
A22	61	PPG0	77	\RST	. 0.	
B22	62	PPG1	52	\HST		
C22	63	PPG2	69	INT0	P90	
A23	64	PPG3	70	INT1	P91	
B23			71	INT2	P92	
C23			72	INT3	P93	
A24	73	TX0	29	INT4	P51	
B24	74	RX0	30	INT5	P52	
C24	75	TX1	31	INT6	P53	
A25	76	RX1	32	INT7	P54	
B25			53	IN0	P70	
C25			54	IN1	P71	
A26			55	IN2	P72	
B26			56	IN3	P73	
C26			59	OUT2/IN6	P76	
A27			60	OUT3/IN7	P77	
B27			UU	NC(SGO)	F//	
C27				NC(SGO)		
G21				NC(SGA)		

DIN Conn. PIN	Device	e Bus	Interface Bus		
PIN NO.	CPU Pin Nr.	Function	CPU PIN Nr.	SIGNAL	2nd Function
A28			73	TX0	P94
B28			74	RX0	P95
C28			75	TX1	P96
A29			76	RX1	P97
B29			79	X1AJ	
C29			80	X0AJ	
A30			82	X0J	
B30			83	X1J	
C30		VCC		VCC	
A31			49	MD0	
B31			50	MD1	
C31				NC	
A32			51	MD2	
B32				NC	
C32		GND		GND	

